

Using the Pentacam for Biometry after Keratorefractive Surgery: the BESt Formula



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2013 Financial Statement

Julian Stevens is consultant
Optimedica Inc.
Oculentis Gmbh / Topcon Ltd.
Abbott Medical Optics Inc.
Revision Optics Inc.

Edmondo Borasio is a shareholder in
EB Eye Ltd

Moorfields Eye Hospital

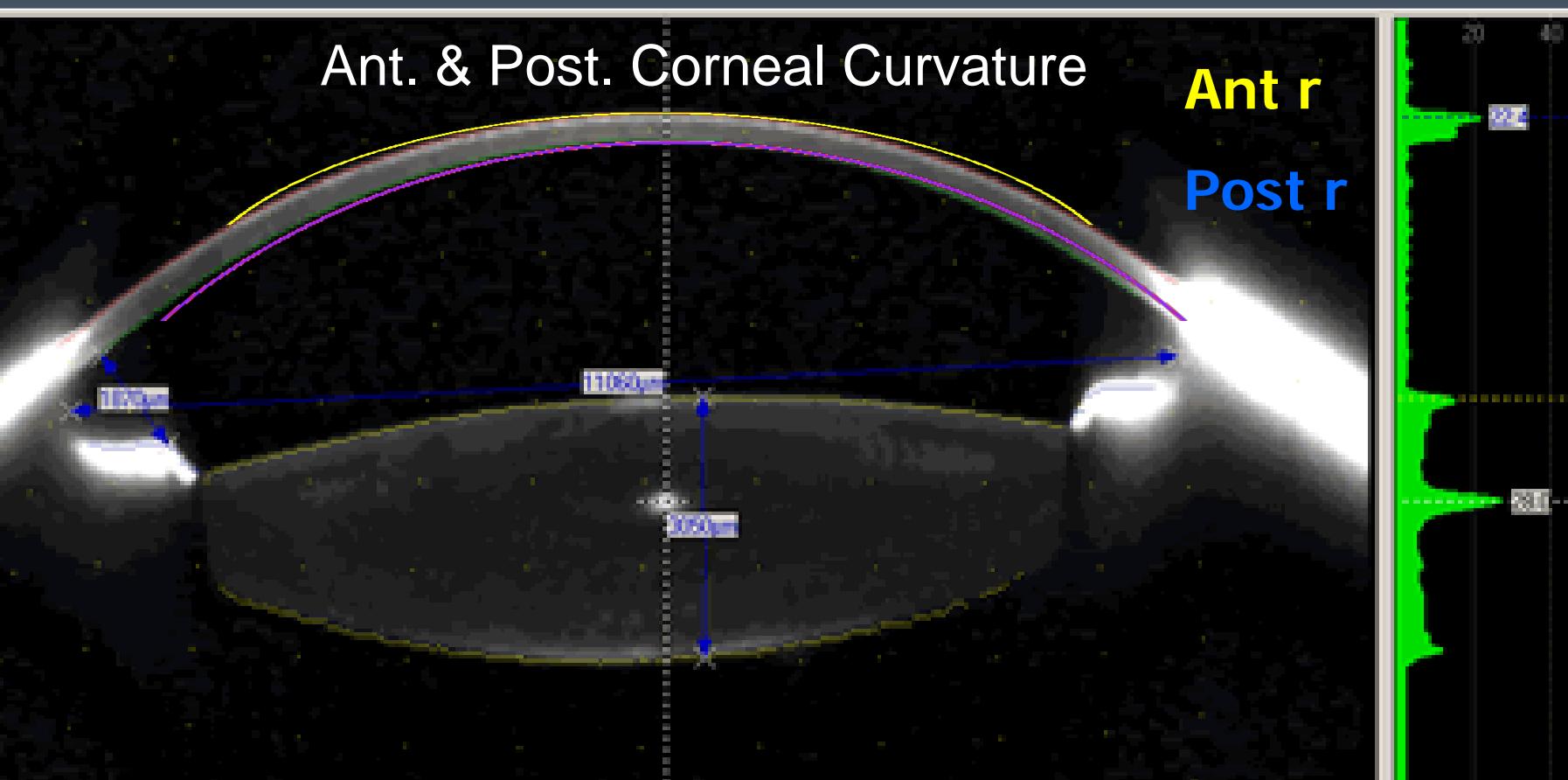
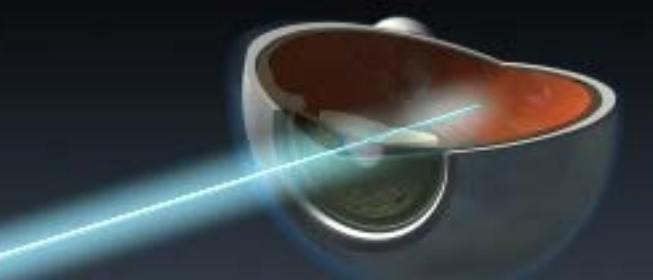
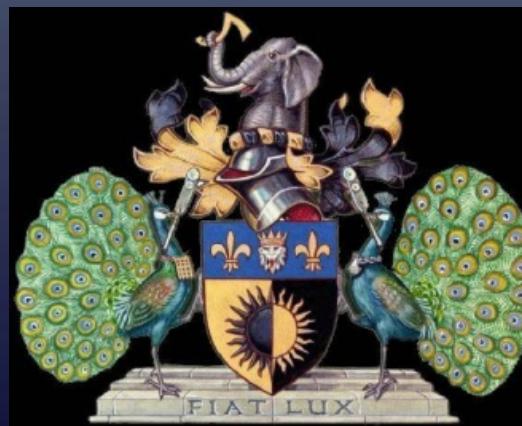


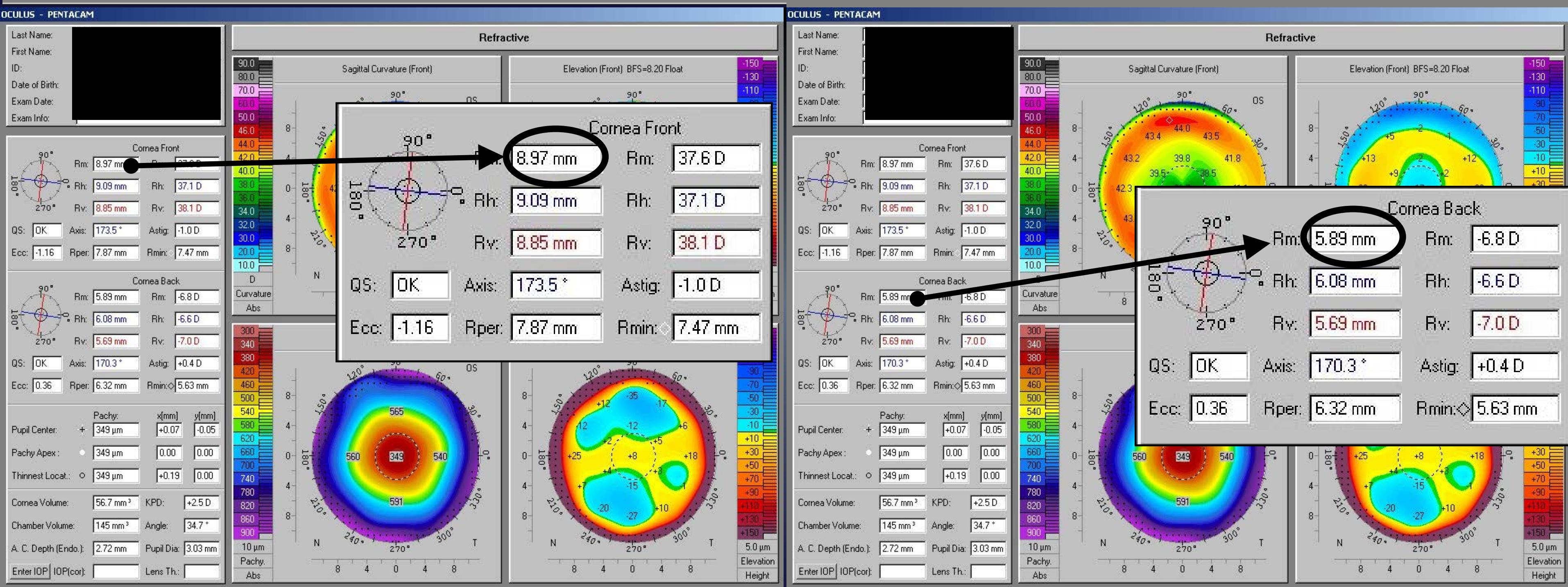
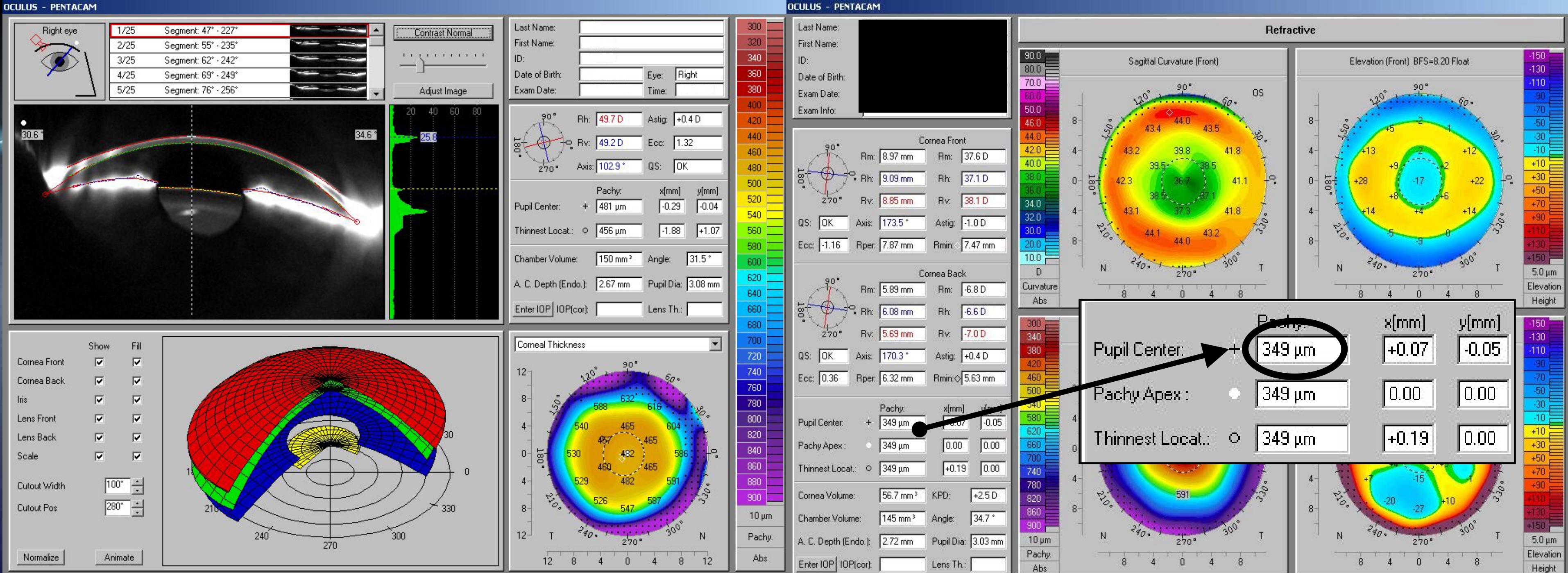
2013 ASCRS,

The Pentacam



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Consultant Ophthalmic Surgeon,
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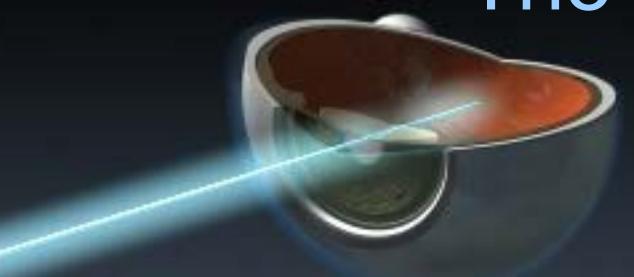
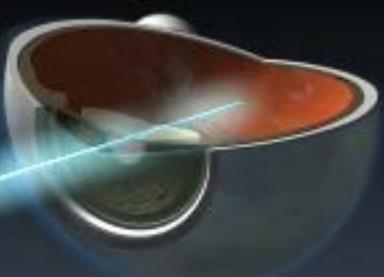




[Range: -10.00 to +4.50 D]

Study Design

The Gaussian Optics Formula (GOF)



1) Development of the BESt Formula

$$F_{\text{tot}} = F_{\text{ant}} + F_{\text{post}} - (d/n) * (F_{\text{ant}} * F_{\text{post}})$$

Developed on the outcomes of 170 eyes (WF LASIK-EK)

Myopia (123) Hyperopia (47)

Regression analysis

Variables of GOF (n ; K) adjusted to achieve closest fit with the History Method-derived K_s → BESt Formula.

$$F_{\text{tot}} =$$

$$(1/r_1 * (n_1 - n_0)) + (1/r_2 * (n_2 - n_1)) - \\ (d/n_1) * (1/r_1 * (n_1 - n_0)) * (1/r_2 * (n_2 - n_1))$$

Michaels DD
Visual Optics and Refraction: A Clinical Approach
3rd ed. St Louis: CV Mosby,
1985;25-45

r_1 = Radius of curvature Ant.

Cornea (m)

r_2 = Radius of curvature Pos.

Cornea (m)

d = Corneal Thickness (m)

n_0 = Refr Index Air (1.000)

n_1 = Refr Index Ant Surf. Cornea (1.376)

n_2 = Refr Index Aqueous Humor (1.336)

n cornea = ideally should be measured

Methods



Data regarding:

Axial length (IOL Master, Zeiss™)

Anterior and Posterior corneal curvature and

Corneal thickness (Pentacam Scheimpflug Imaging, Oculus™)

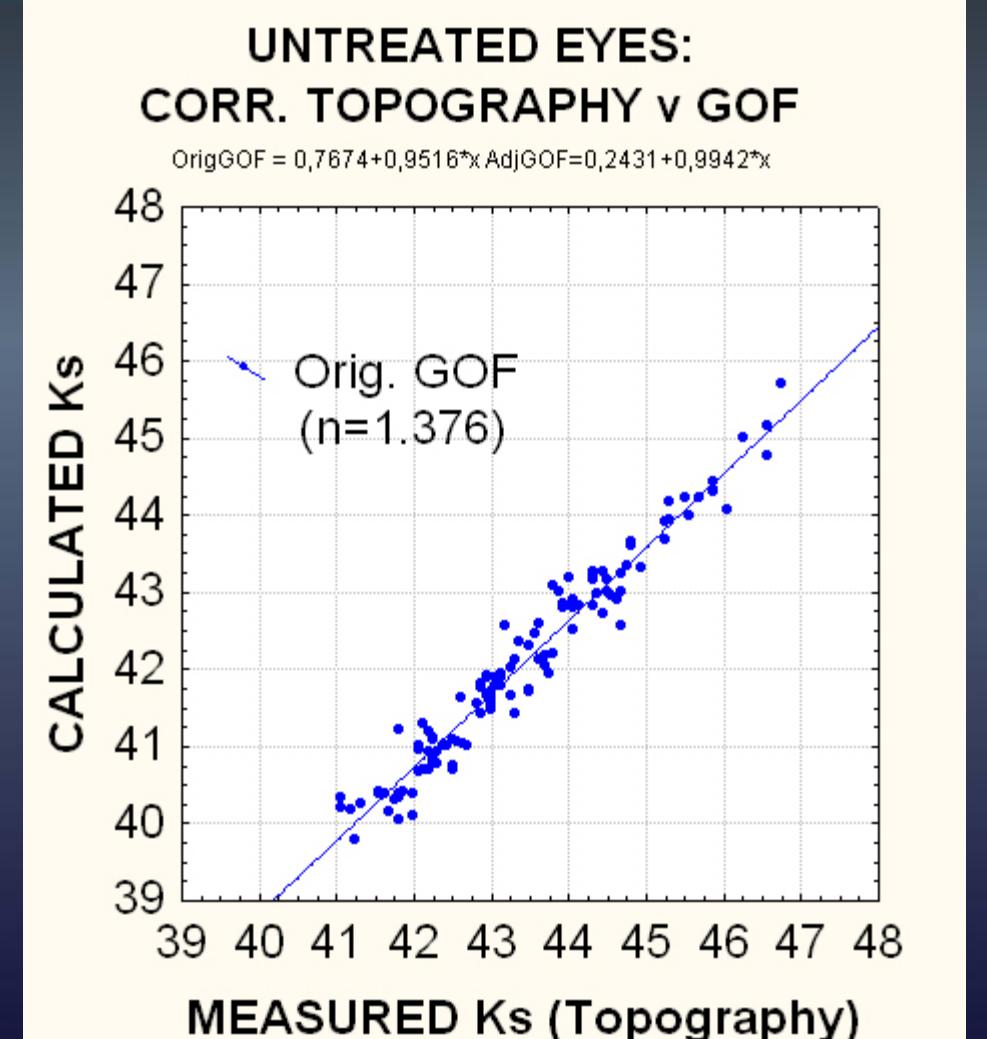
Corneal Topography (KR 8100PA, Topcon)

Corr. with Topography:

$r = 0.97$

$r^2 = 0.95$

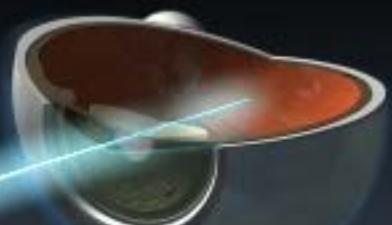
$p < 0.05$



Mean Deviation from Topography:

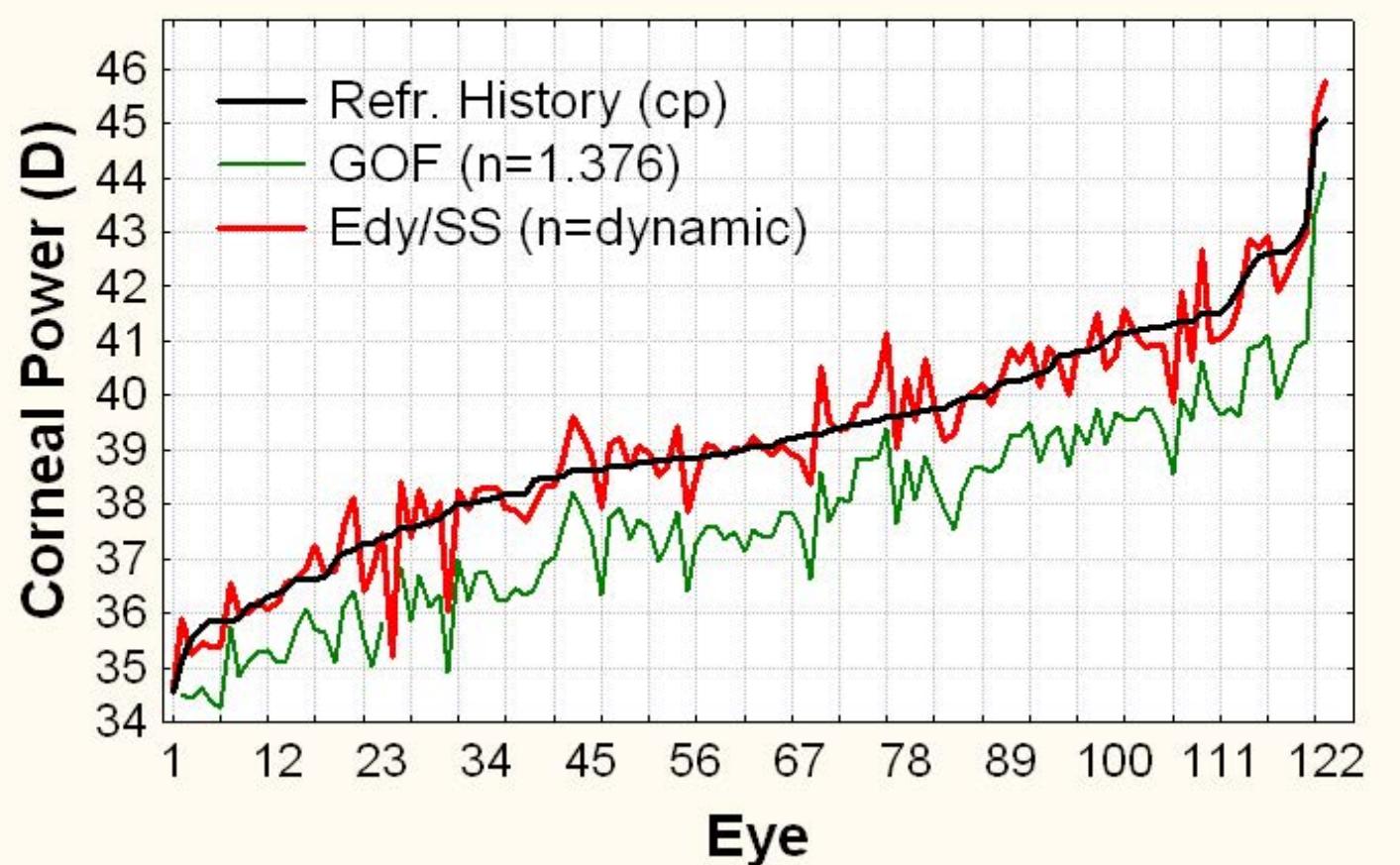
-1.3

± 0.29 SD



Corneas After Myopic Refractive Surgery

CALCULATION OF CORNEAL POWER AFTER MYOPIC WF LASIK & LASEK



BESSt
v
Refr. Hist:

Correlation:

$$r = 0.96$$

$$r^2 = 0.93$$

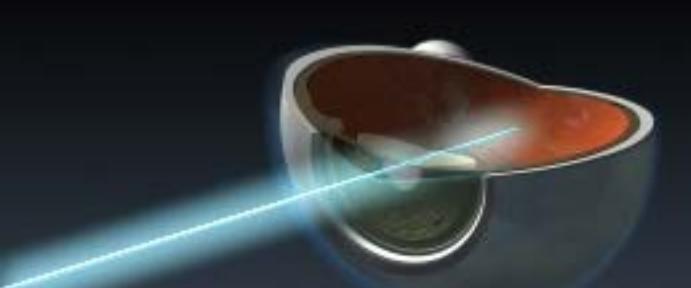
$$p < 0.05$$

Mean Deviation:

$$-0.01 \pm 0.55 \text{ SD}$$

Abs. Deviation:

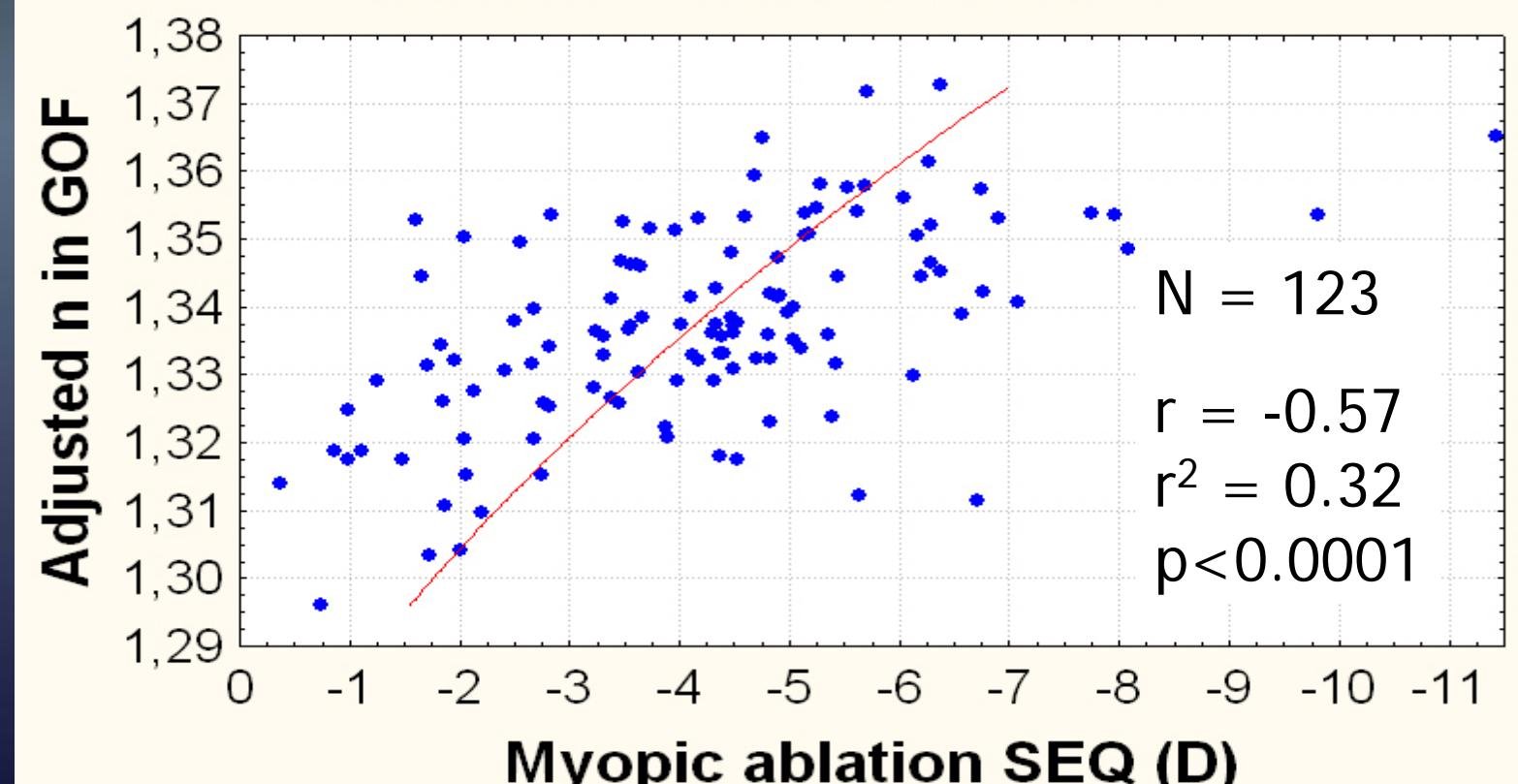
$$-0.41 \pm 0.36 \text{ SD}$$



Dioptres of Myopia treated & changes in Refractive Index

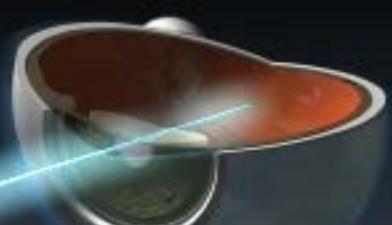
CORNEAL REFRACTIVE INDEX (n) v DIOPTERS OF MYOPIC ABLATION

$$\text{AblationSEQ} = -1838.0695 + 1371.4906 * x$$



Direct correlation between Myopia treated & apparent increase in corneal refractive index

JCRS, December 2006



...without further adjustments, the GOF-derived Ks correlate to, but also significantly underestimate corneal power.

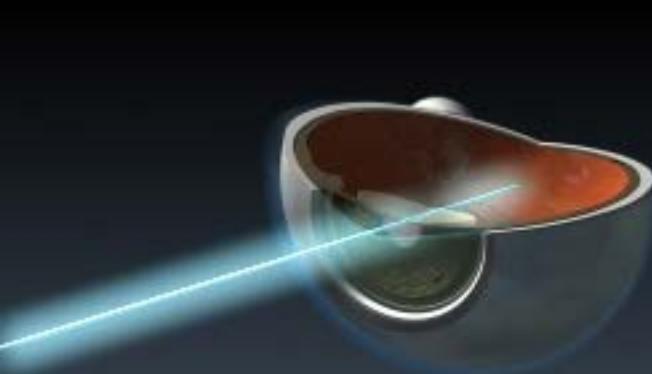
GOF measures the full corneal power (anterior & negative posterior surface), rather than the power of the sole anterior surface, as standard keratometers do.

J CATARACT REFRACT SURG - VOL 32, DECEMBER 2006

ARTICLES

Estimation of true corneal power after keratorefractive surgery in eyes requiring cataract surgery: BESSt formula

Edmondo Borasio, MedC BQ Ophth, FEBO,
Julian Stevens, MRCP, FRCS, FRCOphth, Guy T. Smith, FRCOphth



Study Design

Prospective application of the BESt[®] Formula

25 eyes post-Refractive surgery undergoing
Phako+IOL

Myopia: **-5.5 D** \pm 2.1 SD. [Range -2.9 to **-8.6**]

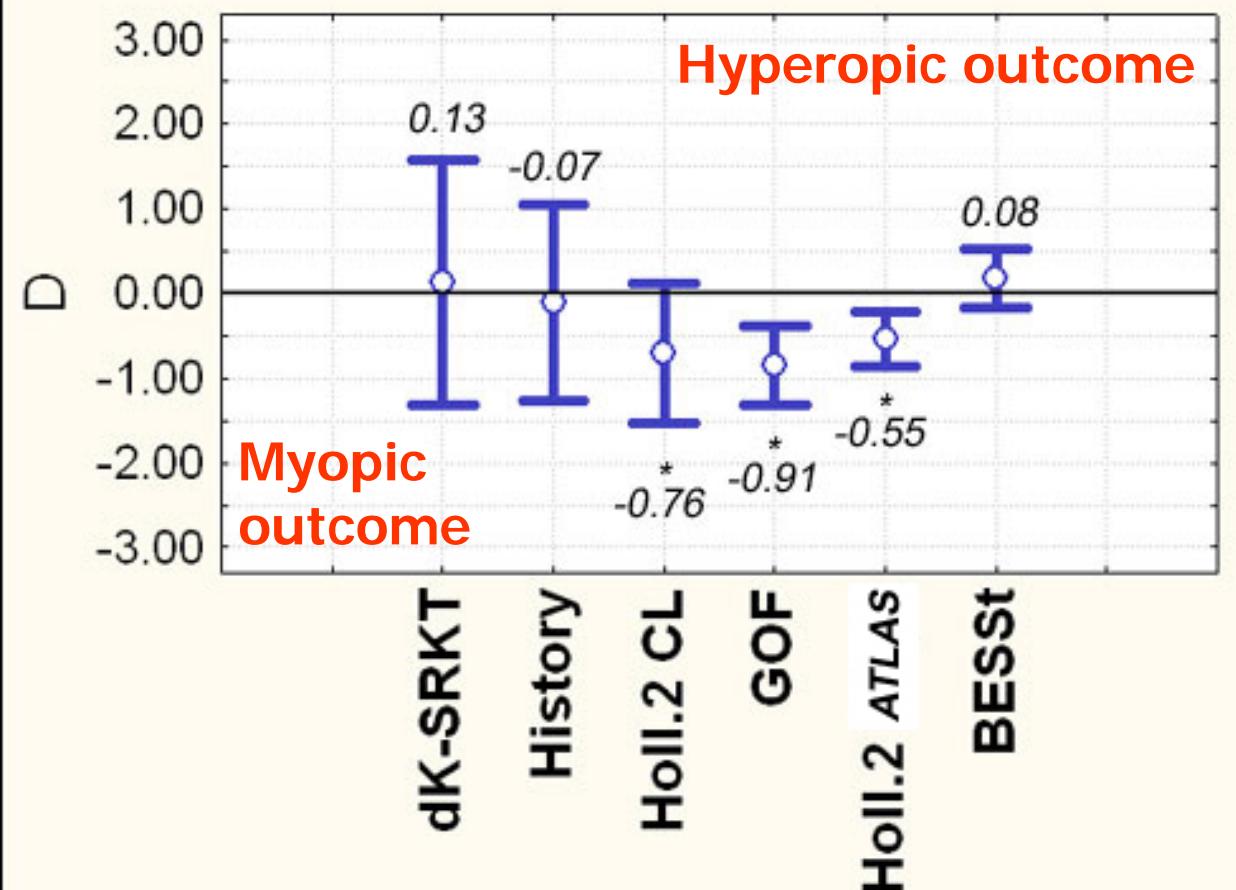
Hyperopia: **+5.3 D** \pm 3.6 SD. [Range +1.7 to **+8.5**]

[Range: -8.6 to +8.5 D]

Outcomes Phako post Refr. Sx

MEAN DEVIATION FROM TARGET REFRACTION

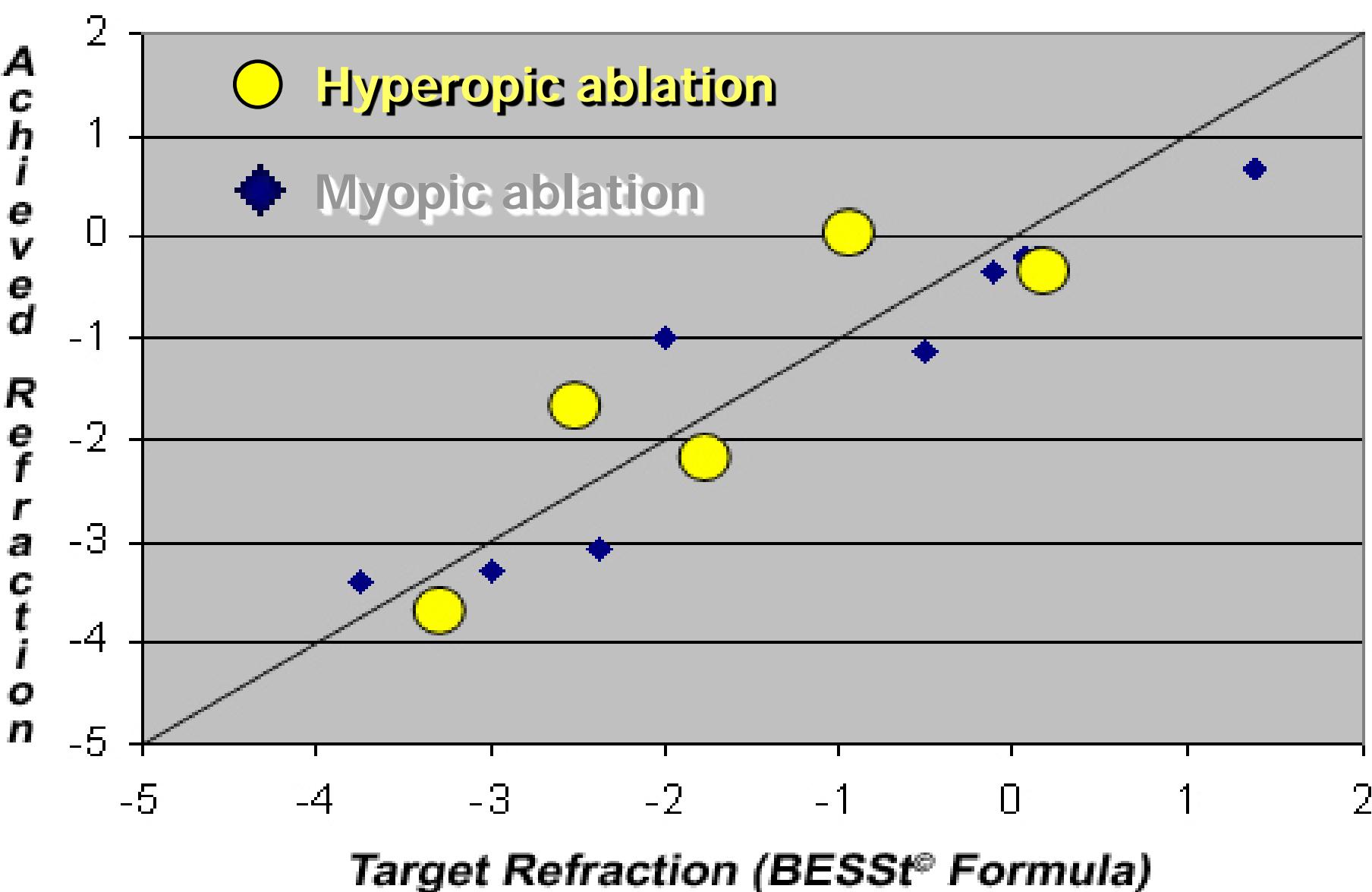
Mean; Whisker: Mean \pm 0.95 Confidence Interv. (C.I.)



Reported values
represent mean
deviations

Mean
 \pm 0.95 C.I.

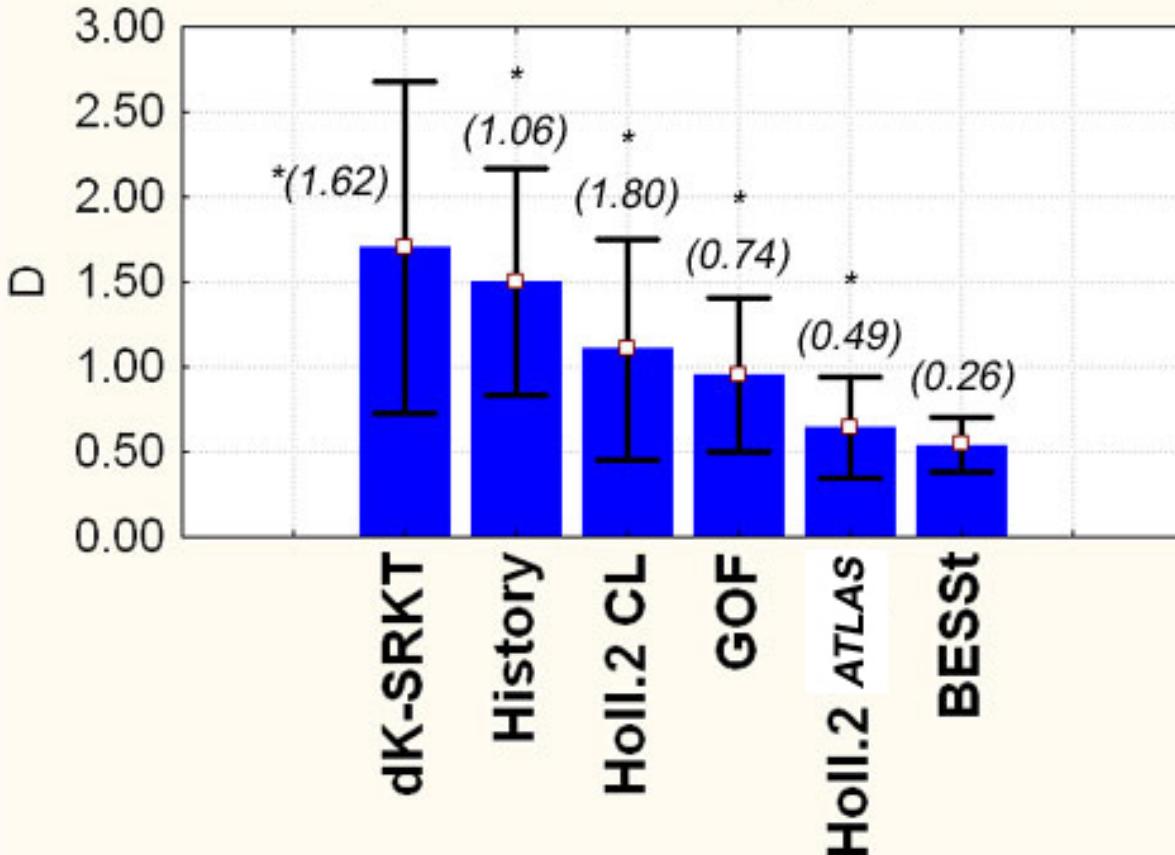
Achieved v Target Refraction (BESt[®] Formula) after Phacoemulsification following Refractive Surgery



Outcomes Phako post Refr. Sx

ABS. DEVIATION FROM TARGET REFRACTION

Abs. Mean; Whisker: Abs. Mean
 \pm 0.95 Confidence Interv. (C.I.)



(SD in brackets)

* BESt significantly
more accurate
($p < 0.05$)

Abs. Mean
 \pm 0.95 C.I.

Study

2007 BESt formula (N = 25)



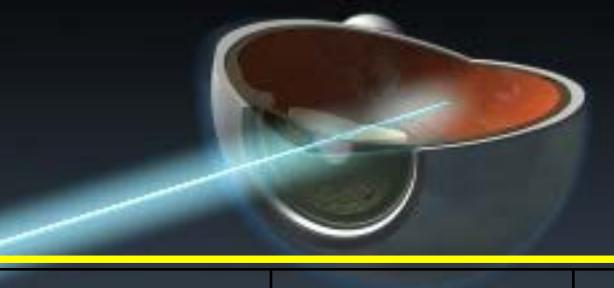
Mean Difference from Target

Original group
(N = 13)

2nd data set
(N = 25)

Myopic
-0.08 ± 0.62 SD
0.03 ± 0.42 SD
-0.11 ± 0.78 SD

Hyper
0.31 ± 0.72 SD
0.45 ± 0.67 SD
0.10 ± 0.72 SD



Difference From Intended					
≤0.50 D					
≤0.75 D					
≤1.00 D					
>1.50 D					

2007 BESt formula (N = 25)



Difference From Intended	BESSt				Holladay2 Atlas
≤0.50 D	60 %				52 %
≤0.75 D	76 %				60 %
≤1.00 D	84 %				68 %
>1.50 D	0 %				8 %

2007 BESt formula (N = 25)



Difference From Intended	BESSt	BESSt-M (Myopia) N=14		Holladay2 Atlas
≤0.50 D	60 %	64 %		52 %
≤0.75 D	76 %	79 %		60 %
≤1.00 D	84 %	86 %		68 %
>1.50 D	0 %	0 %		8 %



2007 BESSt formula (N = 25)

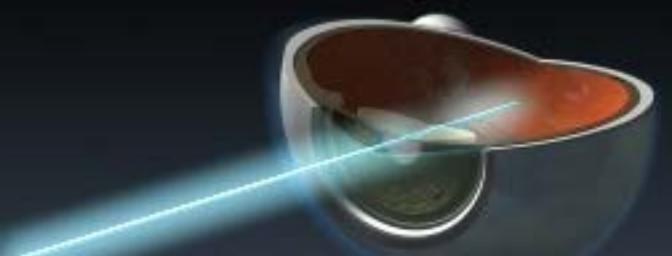
Difference From Intended	BESSt	BESSt-M (Myopia) N=14	BESSt-H (Hyperop) N=11		Holladay2 Atlas
≤0.50 D	60 %	64 %	55 %		52 %
≤0.75 D	76 %	79 %	73 %		60 %
≤1.00 D	84 %	86 %	82 %		68 %
>1.50 D	0 %	0 %	0 %		8 %

www.bessformula.com

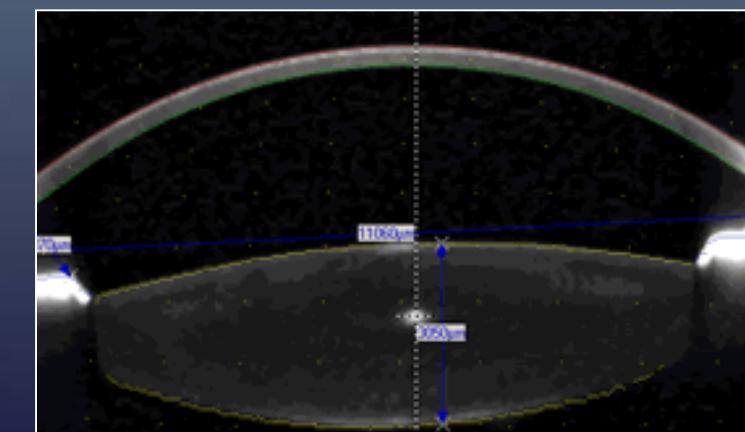
The BESSt® Formula Limitations

- Variation between Pentacam units
- The biometry formula the corneal effective power is entered into (SRK-T, Haigis, Hoffer-Q, Holladay II)
- Multifocality of ablations, especially hyperopia

The BESSt® Formula

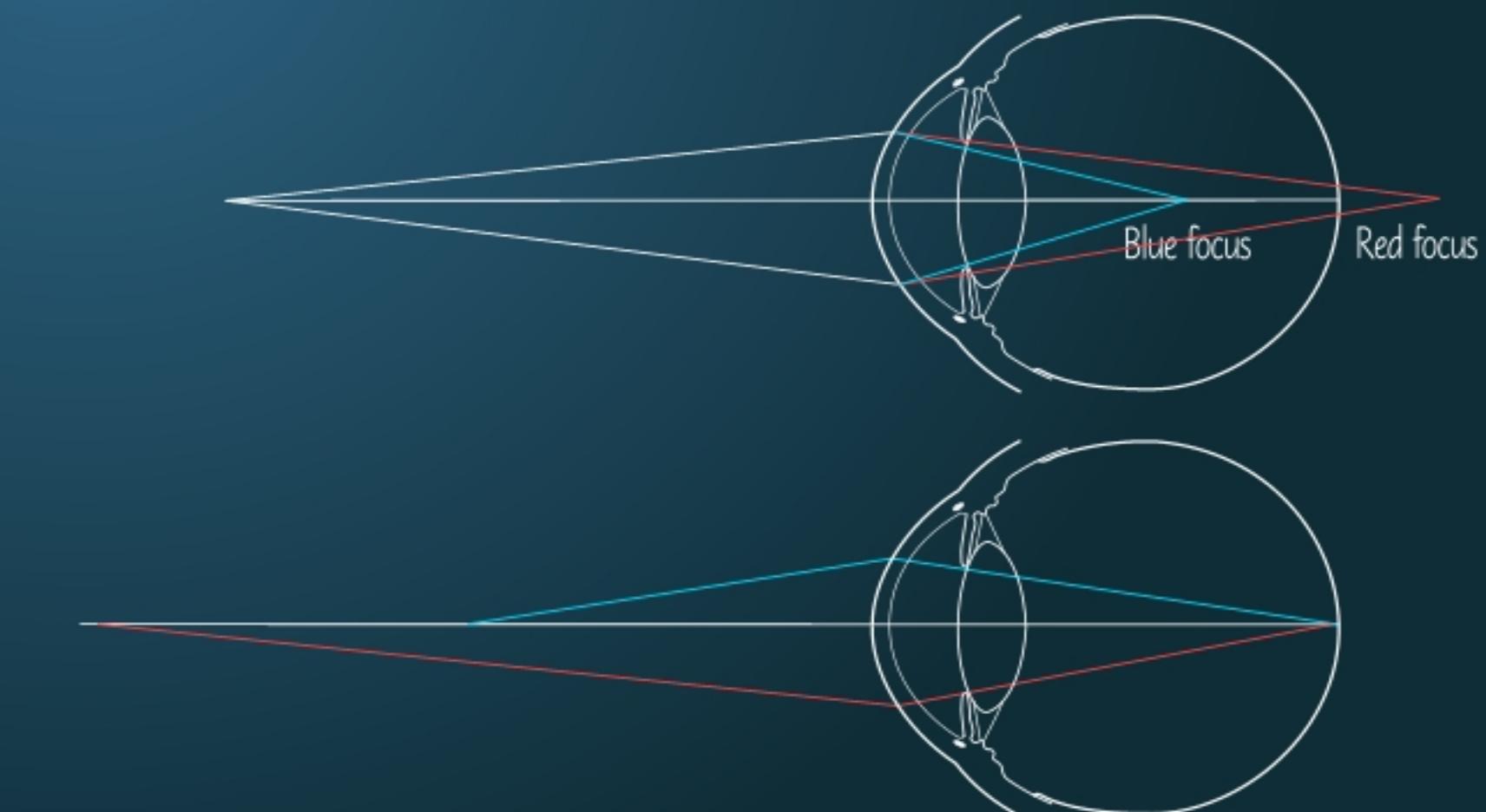


- Is a modified version of the Gaussian Optics Formula (GOF) for Paraxial Imagery
- The GOF is an optical formula which allows to estimate corneal power from:
 - Corneal Radius (ant & post)
 - Corneal Thickness

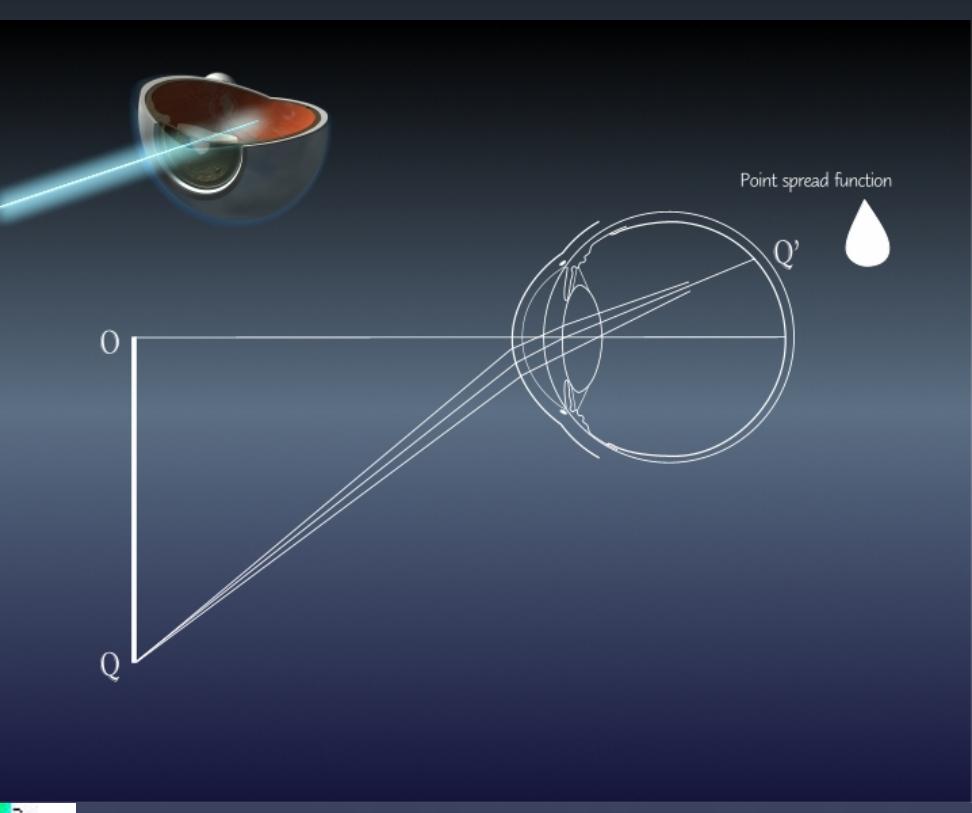
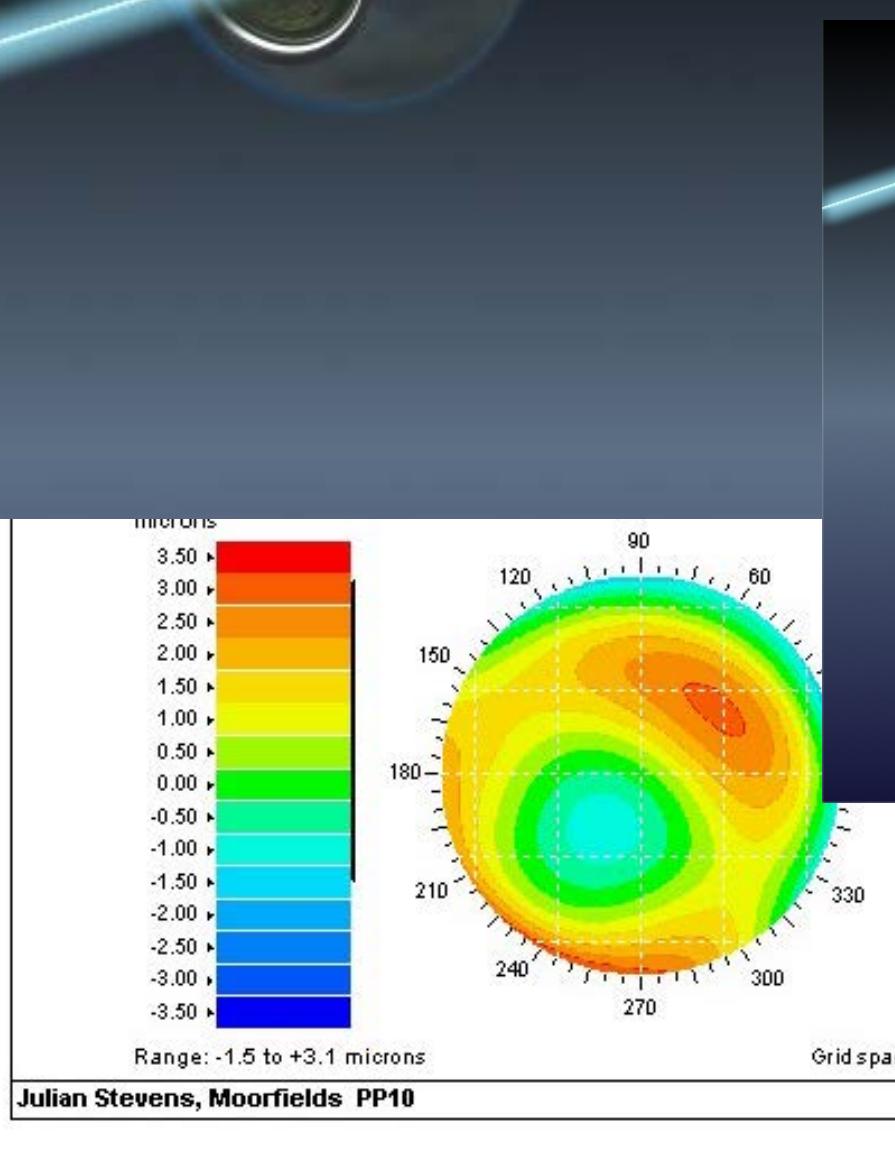


The Pentacam (Oculus™)

The BESSt® Formula Limitations



The BESt[®] Formula Limitations



Is a modified version of the **Gaussian Optics Formula (GOF)** and **Vergence formula**.

It estimates Corneal and IOL power from:

- Ant & Post r (Corneal Radii after Ref Sx)
- Corneal Thickness (after Ref Sx)
- AL (After Ref Sx)

No need for pre-refractive surgery data

BESSt v1.8 Formula

3rd Generation formulae:

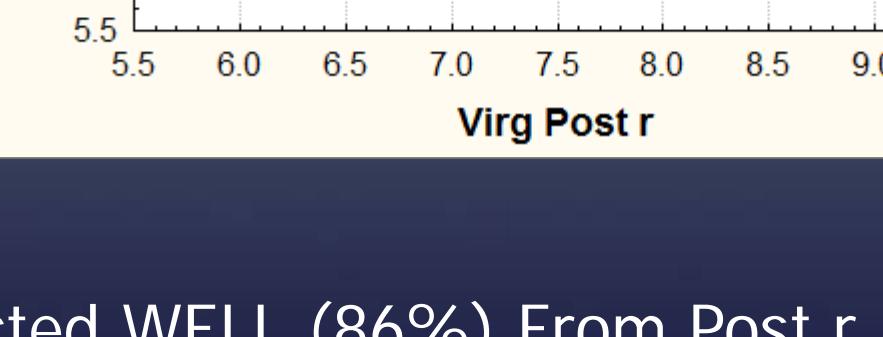
SRK/T, HofferQ, Holladay 1

They underestimate the Effective Lens Position due to the centrally flattened cornea from the Myopic ablation.

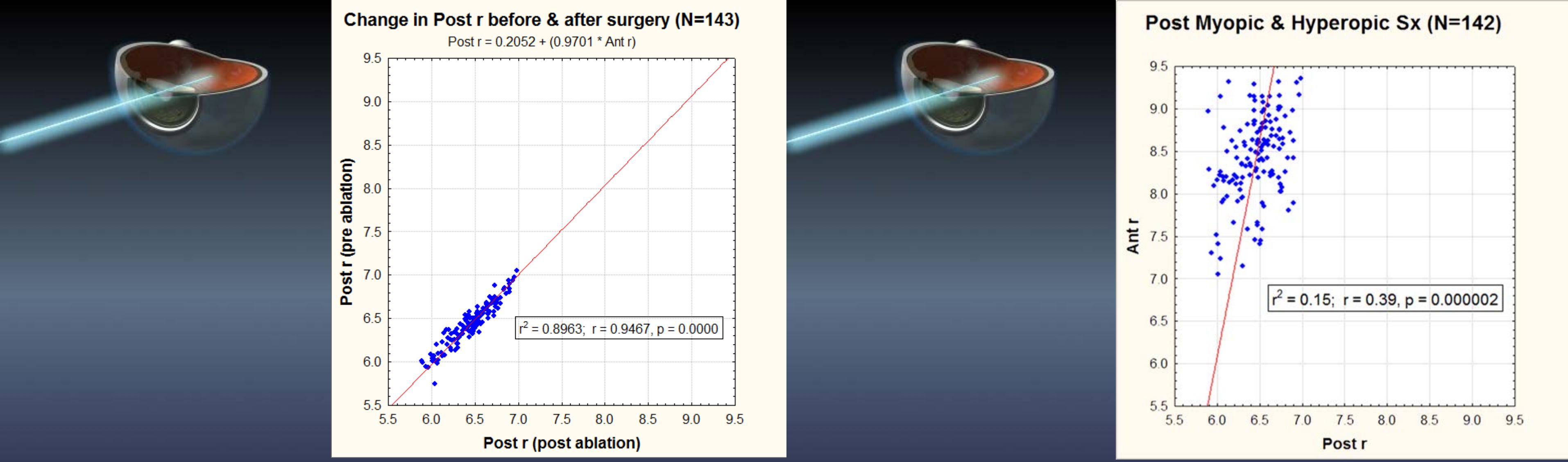
They require double-K adjustment after laser refractive surgery:

- Double-K (*pre-op K for Effective Lens Position; post-op K for IOL power*)

BESSt v1.8 Formula



In Virgin eyes
Ant r can be predicted WELL (86%) From Post r



Post r does NOT change
after laser refractive surgery

After laser refractive surgery
Ant r becomes POORLY PREDICTABLE (39%)
From Post r measurements

Conclusions BESt Formula

Limitation of the reproducibility of the Pentacam

Limitation of prediction of final lens position in variable anterior chamber depth eyes: double K issue

76 % eyes within 0.75 D of intended

It does **NOT** require pre-Refr. Surg. information